

Split Core DC Leakage Current Sensor CYCT04-xnST

This current sensor is based on magnetic modulation and compensation principle, and can be used for measurement of small DC current and leakage current, current difference between two or more conductors.

Product Characteristics:

- Application of Computer Aided Ageing Technology
- 100% Ageing Processing and Thermal Drift Test under high operating temperature in order to guarantee the long term stability of the sensors
- Custom makeable according to individual requirements
- Various current and voltage outputs are selectable
- Power supply options: ±12VDC and ±15VDC
- Sensors with window for contactless measurements

Applications:

- Isolation Monitoring of DC power systems and cable selection systems,
- Measurements of small DC currents and leakage currents etc.

Electrical Data

Rated Input current	100mA ~ 1000mA DC
Measuring range M	0~±100mA ~ 0~±1000mA DC
Linearity range	1.2 x M (measuring range)
Nominal output signals	0-5V DC, -5V~+5VDC
Supply voltage	±12VDC, ±15VDC
Current consumption	≤ 20mA
AC Interference current	< 200mA
Galvanic isolation	2.5KV RMS/50Hz/ 1min
Load resistance	≥10kΩ

Thermal drift of offset voltage, T _A =-10°C~60°C	≤±4	mV/°C
Response time	≤120	ms
Linearity T _A =25°C	≤1.0	%FS
Electric Offset Voltage, T _A =25°C	<±200 (see note)	mV

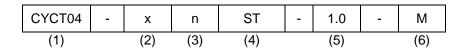
Note: It is necessary to adjust the offset value to zero using a precise multimeter after each switching off and switching on the sensor

General Data

Operating temperature	-10 ~ +60	°C
Storage temperature	-20 ~ +70	°C
Window size	Ф19	mm
Case dimensions H x L x W	64 x 63 x22	mm



Definition of Part number:



(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Series	Output signal	Power supply	Case style	Basic	Rated Input current
name				Accuracy	(M=U/B + m)
CYCT04	x=1: tracing ±5VDC x=3: 0-5V DC	n=5: ±12V DC n=6: ±15V DC	ST with aperture Ø19mm	1.0%	m = 100mA, 200mA, 300mA, 400mA,, 1A

U: unidirectional input current; B: bidirectional input current

Example 1: CYCT04-35ST-1.0-U500mA, DC Current sensor with

Output signal: 0~5V DC Power supply: ±12V DC

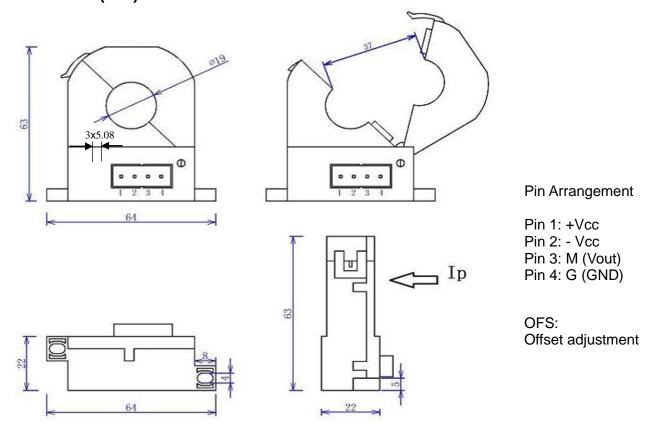
Rated input current: 0-50mA DC (unidirectional)

Example 2: CYCT04-16ST-1.0-B500mA, DC Current sensor with

Output signal: -5V ~ +5VDC Power supply: ±15V DC

Rated input current: -500mA ~ +500mADC (bidirectional)

DIMENSIONS (mm)







During the sensor is installed to a current conductor, the sensor half-core should be opened at first and then be closed again. It must be aware that the iron core interface on both sides is aligned and cannot be forcibly closed.

CONNECTION

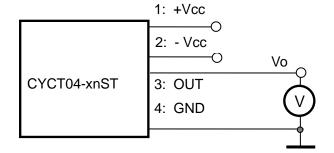
The current carrying cable must pass through the window. The phase of output is the same as that of the current passing the window in the direction of the arrow indicated on the case.

1: +Vcc Power Supply

2: -Vcc Power Supply

3: Output

4: Ground



Relation between Input and Output:

Sensor CYCT04-36ST-1.0-U500mA		Sensor CYCT04-16ST-1.0-B500mA		
Input current (mA)	Output voltage (V)	Input current (mA)	Output voltage (V)	
0	0	-500	-5	
125	1.25	-250	-2.5	
250	2.5	0	0	
375	3.75	250	2.5	
500	5	500	5	

Notes:

- 1. Connect the terminals of power source, outputs respectively and correctly, never make wrong connection.
- 2. The potentiometer can be adjusted, only if necessary, by turning slowly to the required accuracy with a small screwdriver.
- 3. The best accuracy can be achieved when the window is fully filled with current carrying conductor
- 4. The in-phase output can be obtained when the direction of current of current carrying conductor is the same as the direction of arrow marked on the transducer case.

http://www.cy-sensors.com