

Open Loop Hall AC/DC Current Sensor CYHCS-BF

This Hall Effect current sensor is based on open loop principle and designed with a high galvanic isolation between primary conductor and secondary circuit. It can be used for measurement of DC and AC current, pulse currents etc. The output of the transducer reflects the real wave of the current carrying conductor.

Product Characteristics	Applications		
 Excellent accuracy Very good linearity Light in weight Less power consumption Window structure Electrically isolating the output of the transducer from the current carrying conductor No insertion loss Current overload capability 	 Photovoltaic equipment Frequency conversion timing equipment Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS) Electric welding machines Transformer substation Numerical controlled machine tools Electrolyzing and electroplating equipment Electric powered locomotive Microcomputer monitoring 		

Electrical Data

Primary Nominal Current <i>I</i> _r (A)	Measuring Range (A)	Output voltage (Analog) (V)	Window Size (mm)	Part number
100	±200			CYHCS-BF100A
200	±400			CYHCS-BF200A
400	±800			CYHCS-BF400A
500	±1000	±4 +1.0%	40.5x20.5	CYHCS-BF500A
600	±1200			CYHCS-BF600A
800	±1600			CYHCS-BF800A
1000	±2000			CYHCS-BF1000A

Supply Voltage Current Consumption Galvanic isolation, 50/60Hz, 1min: Load resistance: Isolation resistance @ 500 VDC V_{cc} = ±12~±15V ± 5% I_c < 25mA 2.5kV rms ≥10kΩ > 500 MΩ

Accuracy and Dynamic performance data

Accuracy at I_r , $T_A=25^{\circ}$ C (without offset), Linearity from 0 to I_r , $T_A=25^{\circ}$ C, Electric Offset Voltage, $T_A=25^{\circ}$ C, Magnetic Offset Voltage ($I_r \rightarrow 0$) Thermal Drift of Offset Voltage, Thermal Drift (-10°C to 50°C), Frequency bandwidth (- 3 dB): Response Time at 90% of I_P (f=1k Hz)

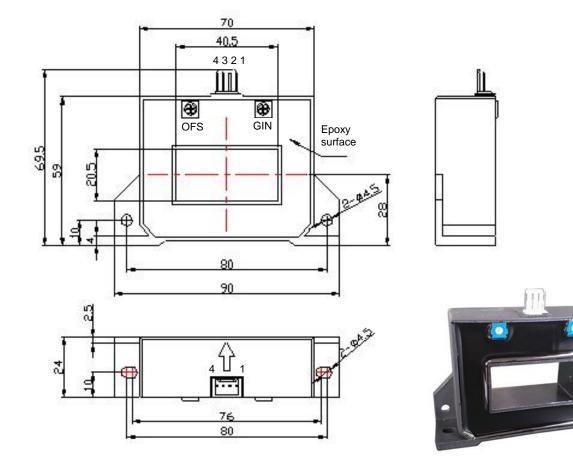
 $X \le \pm 1.0\%$ FS $E_L \le \pm 0.5\%$ FS $V_{oe} \le \pm 25$ mV $V_{ot} \le \pm 25$ mV $V_{ot} \le \pm 1.0$ mV/°C T.C. $\le \pm 0.1\%$ /°C DC-20kHz $t_r < 7\mu$ s Version 1 Released in May 2016 Dr.-Ing. habil. Jigou Liu



General Data

Ambient Operating Temperature, Ambient Storage Temperature, Unit weight: Standard used: $T_A = -25^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_S = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +100^{\circ}\text{C}$ 230g/unit Q/320115QHKJ01-2013

Dimensions



Pin Arrangement

1: +Vcc;	2: -Vcc;	3: Output;	4: Ground
OFS: Offset adjustment		GIN: Gain adjustment	

Notes:

- 1. Connect the terminals of power source, output respectively and correctly, never make wrong connection.
- 2. Two potentiometers can be adjusted, only if necessary, by turning slowly to the required accuracy with a small screwdriver.
- 3. The best accuracy can be achieved when the window is fully filled with bus-bar (current carrying conductor).
- 4. The in-phase output can be obtained when the direction of current of current carrying conductor is the same as the direction of arrow marked on the transducer