

# Hall Effect AC Current Sensor CYHCS-FC

This Hall Effect current sensor is based on open loop principle and designed with a high galvanic isolation between primary conductor and secondary circuit. It can be used for measurement of AC current, pulse currents etc. The output of the transducer reflects the rectified average value of the current in the carrying conductor.

Product Characteristics	Applications	
<ul> <li>Excellent accuracy</li> <li>Very good linearity</li> <li>Using split cores and easy mounting</li> <li>Less power consumption</li> <li>Window structure</li> <li>Electrically isolating the output of the transducer from the current carrying conductor</li> <li>No insertion loss</li> <li>Current overload capability</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Photovoltaic equipment</li> <li>Frequency conversion timing equipment</li> <li>Various power supply</li> <li>Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)</li> <li>Electric welding machines</li> <li>Transformer substation</li> <li>Numerical controlled machine tools</li> <li>Electric powered locomotive</li> <li>Microcomputer monitoring</li> <li>Electric power network monitoring</li> </ul>	

## **Electrical Data**

Primary Nominal Current <i>I<sub>r</sub></i> (A), rms	Measuring Range (A)	DC Output Current (mA)	Window Size (mm)	Part number
200	0~±200			CYHCS-FC-200A-n
400	0~±400			CYHCS-FC-400A-n
500	0~±500			CYHCS-FC-500A-n
600	0~±600	4-20 ±1.0%	41x14	CYHCS-FC-600A-n
800	0~±800			CYHCS-FC-800A-n
1000	0~±1000	]		CYHCS-FC-1000A-n
2000	0~±2000			CYHCS-FC-2000A-n

(n=3, Vcc= +12VDC ±5%; n=4, Vcc =+15VDC ±5%; n=5, Vcc =+24VDC±5%)

Supply Voltage Output current: Current Consumption Galvanic isolation, 50/60Hz, 1min: Isolation resistance @ 500 VDC  $V_{cc}$ = +12V, +15V, +24VDC ± 5% 4-20mADC  $I_c$  < 25mA + Output current 3kV rms > 500 MΩ

## Accuracy and Dynamic performance data

Accuracy at  $I_r$ ,  $T_A$ =25°C, Linearity from 0 to  $I_r$ ,  $T_A$ =25°C, Electric Offset current,  $T_A$ =25°C, Thermal Drift of Offset Current, Response Time at 90% of  $I_P$ Load resistance: Frequency Bandwidth (-3dB), Case Material:

Markt Schwabener Str. 8 D-85464 Finsing Germany  $X \le \pm 1.0\%$  FS  $E_L \le \pm 0.5\%$  FS 4mA DC  $\le \pm 0.005$ mA/°C  $t_r < 200$ ms 80-450Ω  $f_b = 20$ Hz- 20 kHz PBT

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 $T_A = -25^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

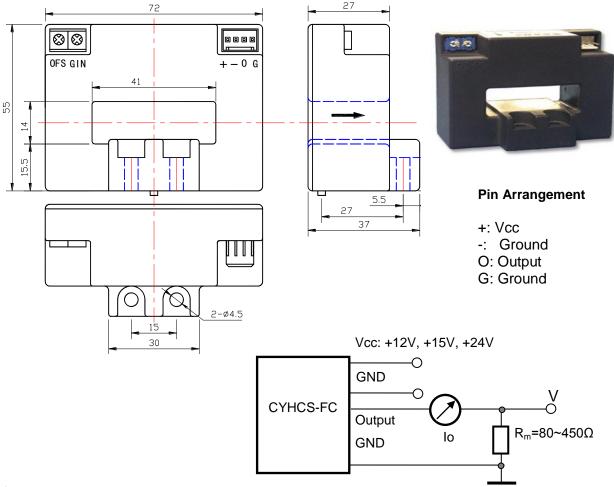
 $T_{\rm S} = -40^{\circ}{\rm C} \sim +100^{\circ}{\rm C}$ 

217q/unit

## **General Data**

Ambient Operating Temperature, Ambient Storage Temperature, Unit weight:

## Dimensions



## Notes:

- 1. Connect the terminals of power source, output respectively and correctly, never make wrong connection.
- 2. Two potentiometers can be adjusted, only if necessary, by turning slowly to the required accuracy with a small screwdriver.
- 3. The best accuracy can be achieved when the window is fully filled with bus-bar (current carrying conductor).
- 4. The in-phase output can be obtained when the direction of current of current carrying conductor is the same as the direction of arrow marked on the transducer