

# Hall AC/DC Current Sensor CYHCS-K2C

This Hall Effect current sensor is based on open loop principle and designed with a high galvanic isolation between primary and secondary circuits. It can be used for measurement of DC and AC current, pulse currents etc. The output of the transducer reflects the real wave of the current carrying conductor.

Product Characteristics	Applications	
<ul> <li>Excellent accuracy</li> <li>Very good linearity</li> <li>Less power consumption</li> <li>Window structure</li> <li>Electrically isolating the output of the transducer from the current carrying conductor</li> <li>No insertion loss</li> <li>Current overload capability</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Photovoltaic equipment</li> <li>Frequency conversion timing equipment</li> <li>Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)</li> <li>Electric welding machines</li> <li>Transformer substation</li> <li>Numerical controlled machine tools</li> <li>Electric powered locomotive</li> <li>Electric power network monitoring</li> <li>Inverters etc.</li> </ul>	

#### **Electrical Data**

Primary Nominal	Measuring	Output Signal	Aperture	Part number
Current $I_r(A)$	Range (A)	(Voltage or current)	Diameter (mm)	
1000	2000	X=1: ±4V ±1.0% X=3: 0-5VDC ±1.0% X=5: 4-20mADC ±1.0%		CYHCS-K2C1000A-X
2000	4000			CYHCS-K2C2000A-X
2500	5000			CYHCS-K2C2500A-X
3000	6000			CYHCS-K2C3000A-X
3500	7000		Ø85	CYHCS-K2C3500A-X
4000	8000			CYHCS-K2C4000A-X
4500	9000			CYHCS-K2C4500A-X
5000	10000			CYHCS-K2C5000A-X
6000	12000			CYHCS-K2C6000A-X

Supply Voltage  $V_{cc}$  = ±12~15VDC Current Consumption  $I_c$  < 25mA Galvanic isolation, 50/60Hz, 1min: 2.5kV Load resistance: 10k $\Omega$  > 500 M $\Omega$ 

## **Accuracy and Dynamic performance data**

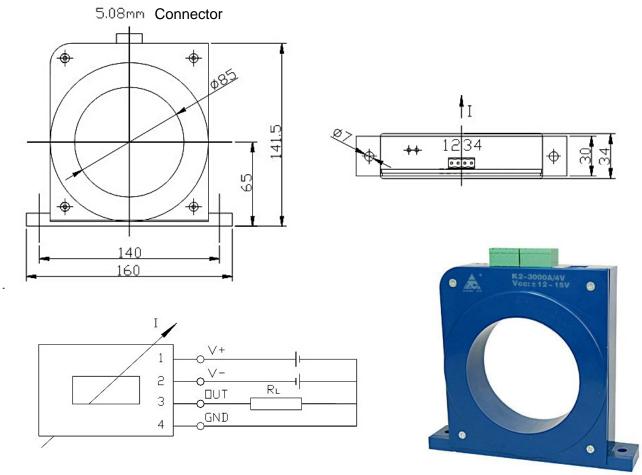
Accuracy at  $I_r$ ,  $T_A$ =25°C (without offset), X < 1.0%Linearity from 0 to  $I_r$ ,  $T_A$ =25°C,  $E_L < 1.0\%$  FS Electric Offset Voltage,  $T_A$ =25°C,  $V_{oe} < 20$ mV Magnetic Offset Voltage ( $I_r \rightarrow 0$ )  $V_{om} < \pm 25$ mV Thermal Drift of Offset Voltage,  $V_{ot} < \pm 1$ mV/°C Response Time at 90% of  $I_P$  (f=1k Hz)  $t_r < 5$ µs Frequency bandwidth (- 3 dB): DC-50kHz

#### **General Data**

Ambient Operating Temperature,  $T_A = -10^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +70^{\circ}\text{C}$ Ambient Storage Temperature,  $T_S = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

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### **Dimensions**



## **Terminal Arrangement:**

1: V+ (+12~15VDC) 2: V- (-12~15VDC)

3: OUTPUT

4: GND

## Notes:

- 1. Connect the terminals of power source, output respectively and correctly, never make wrong connection.
- 2. Two potentiometers can be adjusted, only if necessary, by turning slowly to the required accuracy with a small screwdriver.
- 3. The best accuracy can be achieved when the window is fully filled with bus-bar (current carrying conductor).
- 4. The in-phase output can be obtained when the direction of current of current carrying conductor is the same as the direction of arrow marked on the transducer

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