

# Split Core Hall Effect AC Current Sensor CYHCS-KF2C

This Hall Effect current sensor is based on open loop principle and designed with a high galvanic isolation between primary conductor and secondary circuit. It can be used for measurement of AC current, pulse currents etc. The output of the transducer reflects the rectified average value of the current in the carrying conductor.

Product Characteristics	Applications	
<ul> <li>Excellent accuracy</li> <li>Very good linearity</li> <li>Using split cores and easy mounting</li> <li>Less power consumption</li> <li>Window structure</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Photovoltaic equipment</li> <li>Frequency conversion timing equipment</li> <li>Various power supply</li> <li>Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)</li> <li>Electric welding machines</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Electrically isolating the output of the transducer from the current carrying conductor</li> <li>No insertion loss</li> <li>Current overload capability</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Transformer substation</li> <li>Numerical controlled machine tools</li> <li>Electric powered locomotive</li> <li>Microcomputer monitoring</li> <li>Electric power network monitoring</li> </ul>	

#### **Electrical Data**

Primary Nominal Current $I_r$ (A), rms	Measuring Range (A)	DC Output Current (mA)	Window size (mm)	Part number
500	0~±500			CYHCS-KF2C-500A-n
600	0~±600			CYHCS-KF2C-600A-n
800	0~±800			CYHCS-KF2C-800A-n
1000	0~±1000	4-20 ±1.0%	85 x 27	CYHCS-KF2C-1000A-n
1500	0~±1500			CYHCS-KF2C-1500A-n
2000	0~±2000			CYHCS-KF2C-2000A-n
3000	0~±3000			CYHCS-KF2C-3000A-n

(n=3, Vcc= +12VDC ±5%; n=4, Vcc =+15VDC ±5%; n=5, Vcc =+24VDC±5%)

Supply Voltage  $V_{cc}$  = +12V, +15V, +24VDC ± 5%

Output current: 4-20mADC

Current Consumption  $I_c < 25 \text{mA} + \text{Output current}$ 

Galvanic isolation, 50/60Hz, 1min: 3kV rms Isolation resistance @ 500 VDC  $> 500 \text{ M}\Omega$ 

## **Accuracy and Dynamic performance data**

Accuracy at  $I_r$ ,  $T_A$ =25°C,  $X < \pm 1.0\%$  FS Linearity from 0 to  $I_r$ ,  $T_A$ =25°C,  $E_L < \pm 0.5\%$  FS Electric Offset current,  $T_A$ =25°C,  $T_R < 0.005$  AmA DC Thermal Drift of Offset Current,  $T_R < 0.005$  Amage of  $T_R < 0.0$ 

Frequency Bandwidth (-3dB),  $f_b = 20$ Hz - 20 kHz

Tel.: +49 (0)8121 - 2574100

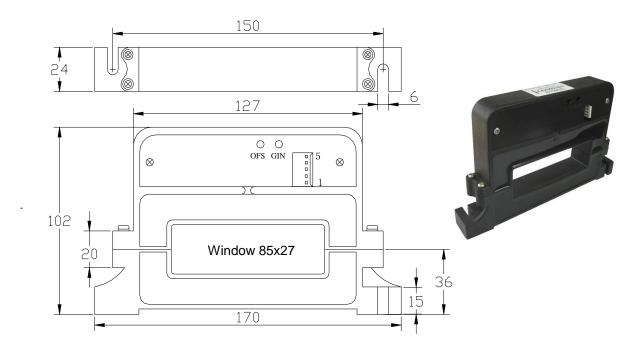
Fax: +49 (0)8121-2574101

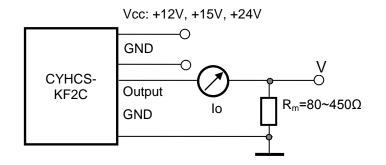
Email: info@cy-sensors.com http://www.cy-sensors.com

## **General Data**

Ambient Operating Temperature, Ambient Storage Temperature, Case Material:  $T_A$  = -25°C ~ +85°C  $T_S$  =-40°C ~ +100°C PBT

### **Dimensions**





## **Pin Arrangement**

- 1: Vcc
- 2: Ground (GND)
- 3: Ground (GND)
- 4: NC
- 5: Output

GIN: gain adjustment OFS: offset adjustment

### Notes:

- 1. Connect the terminals of power source, output respectively and correctly, never make wrong connection.
- 2. Two potentiometers can be adjusted, only if necessary, by turning slowly to the required accuracy with a small screwdriver.
- 3. The best accuracy can be achieved when the window is fully filled with bus-bar (current carrying conductor).
- 4. The in-phase output can be obtained when the direction of current of current carrying conductor is the same as the direction of arrow marked on the transducer

http://www.cy-sensors.com