

Hall Effect DC Current Sensor CYHCT-C4TC

This Hall Effect current sensor is based on open loop principle and designed with a solid core and a high galvanic isolation between primary conductor and secondary circuit. It can be used for measurement of DC current etc. The output of the transducer reflects the real wave of the current carrying conductor.

Product Characteristics	Applications	
 Excellent accuracy Very good linearity Less power consumption Window structure Electrically isolating the output of the transducer from the current carrying conductor No insertion loss Current overload capability 	 Photovoltaic equipment Frequency conversion timing equipment Various power supply Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS) Electric welding machines Transformer substation Numerical controlled machine tools Electric powered locomotive Microcomputer monitoring Electric power network monitoring 	

Electrical Data

Primary Nominal DC Current <i>I_r</i> (A)	Measuring Range (A)	DC Output Current (mA)	Part number
50A	0 ~ ±50A		CYHCT-C4TC-U/B50A-n
100A	0 ~ ±100A		CYHCT-C4TC-U/B100A-n
200A	0 ~ ±200A		CYHCT-C4TC-U/B200A-n
300A	0 ~ ±300A		CYHCT-C4TC-U/B300A-n
400A	0 ~ ±400A	4-20 ±1.0%	CYHCT-C4TC-U/B400A-n
500A	0 ~ ±500A	4-20 ±1.0%	CYHCT-C4TC-U/B500A-n
600A	0 ~ ±600A		CYHCT-C4TC-U/B600A-n
700A	0 ~ ±700A		CYHCT-C4TC-U/B700A-n
800A	0 ~ ±800A		CYHCT-C4TC-U/B800A-n
1000A	0 ~ ±1000A		CYHCT-C4TC-U/B1000A-n

(U: unidirectional input current; B: bidirectional input current, please give U or B in Part number) (n=3, *Vcc*=+12VDC ±5%; n=4, *Vcc*=+15VDC ±5%; n=5, *Vcc*=+24VDC±5%)

Supply Voltage Current Consumption Galvanic isolation, 50/60Hz, 1min: Isolation resistance @ 500 VDC V_{cc} =+12V, +15V, +24VDC ± 5% I_c < 25mA + Output current 2.5kV > 500 MΩ

Accuracy and Dynamic performance data

Accuracy at I_r , T_A =25°C, Linearity from 0 to I_r , T_A =25°C, Electric Offset Current, T_A =25°C, Thermal Drift of Offset current, Response Time at 90% of I_P Load resistance: Frequency Bandwidth (-3dB), Case Material:

> Markt Schwabener Str. 8 D-85464 Finsing Germany

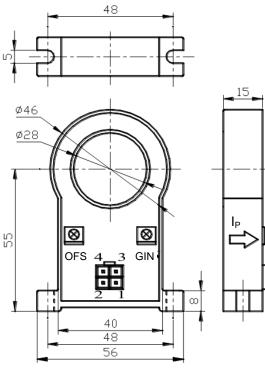
<1.0% FS E_L <1.0% FS 4mA DC or 12mA DC <±0.005mA/°C t_r < 1ms 80-450Ω f_b = DC - 20 kHz PBT

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General Data

Ambient Operating Temperature, Ambient Storage Temperature,

PIN Definition and Dimensions





 $T_A = -25^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_S = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +100^{\circ}\text{C}$

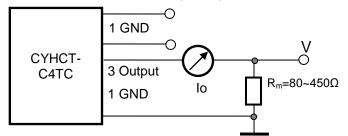


1(G):	GND
2(N):	GND
3(O):	Output
4(+):	Vcc

OFS: Offset Adjustment GIN: Gain Adjustment

Connection

4 Vcc: +12V, +15V, +24V



Notes:

- 1. Connect the terminals of power source, output respectively and correctly, never make wrong connection.
- 2. Two potentiometers can be adjusted, only if necessary, by turning slowly to the required accuracy with a small screwdriver.
- 3. The best accuracy can be achieved when the window is fully filled with bus-bar (current carrying conductor).
- 4. The in-phase output can be obtained when the direction of current of current carrying conductor is the same as the direction of arrow marked on the transducer